

# Autonomy and Accountability

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# Autonomy

- Governance
  - Vision and values
  - Role of professional management
  - Role of non-University members
- Human resources management
  - Students
  - Faculty
  - Staff
- Financial management
  - Endowment
  - Other revenue management
  - Investment management

# Accountability

- There are pre-requisites to autonomy (i.e., agreement on the governance system, human resources and financial management)
- But autonomous Universities have to be accountable to the different stakeholders

# Accountability

- “No” accountability: just a perception of quality

“If you want to build a factory, or fix a motorcycle, or set a nation right without getting stuck, then classical, structured dualistic subject-object knowledge, although necessary, is not enough. You have to have some feeling for the quality of the work. You have to have a sense of what’s good. That is what carries you forward”

Robert Pirsig

Zen and the Art of Motorcycle Maintenance, 1984

# Accountability

- “Soft” accountability
  - “Science and the Endless Frontier” from Vannevar Bush in 1945  
(<http://www.nsf.gov/od/lpa/nsf50/vbush1945.htm>)
  - Trust and laissez faire with “soft” evaluations

# Accountability

- “Hard” accountability
  - Indices related to students (success rates in application, graduation and professional life)
  - Indices related to professors (publications, citations, awards, students, projects, broader impacts on the society)
  - Indices related to University management (endowment, short term revenue generation and long term wealth creation)

# Accountability

- Data never dies and rankings are loved by the media so “hard” accountability is here to stay
- But current “hard” accountability has two main problems:
  - It has been leading to excellent mediocrity in research (not to mention mediocre teaching)
  - It has been leading to minimal entrepreneurship

# Accountability

- Excellent mediocrity
  - A term coined by Huszagh and Infante in a Nature article published in 1989 to describe most biological research
  - It leads to a high number of publications and citations in fashionable (often irrelevant) areas
  - It does not encourage boldness and exploration



# Accountability

- Excellent mediocrity
  - As a result, University research tends to attract conventional people that only have conventional ideas
  - Most of these ideas are irrelevant for existing companies and will never generate successful companies
  - High level peer evaluation of top publications only is more relevant than h-indices and the like

# Accountability

- Entrepreneurship
  - Universities are attempting to manage intellectual property and even starting companies to generate revenues
  - They can certainly help creating an associated infrastructure
  - But compare the 3000\* companies generated by the then “anarchic” Cambridge with the 80+ companies generated by “managing” Oxford...

<http://www.cl.cam.ac.uk/~rja14/expropriation.html>

# Conclusions

- It is certainly time to end with the “napoleonic-stalinistic” management model coupled with “pseudo democratic contentment” of some European Universities
- Autonomy will certainly require accountability
- “Hard” accountability leading to excellent mediocrity in research and minimal wealth generation is not welcome
- It is worth reading Pirsig’s Zen and the Art of Motorcycle Maintenance